

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product name Product code HSNO approval Approval description UN number Proper Shipping Name DG class Hazchem code Uses Company Details Company Address

ZIC M7 4T 10W-40 Not allocated Not applicable – non hazardous NA Not regulated for transport. NA NA Lubricants for diesel engines New World Motors Ltd PO Box 132316, Sylvia Park

Hazard Identification

Approval

2.

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO).
Classes
none

Auckland 1644

SYMBOLS none

Other Classifications There are no other classifications that are known to apply. Precautionary Statements none

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	75.0-85.0%
Ethenylbenzene polymer with 2-methyl-1,3-butadiene	25038-32-8	11.0-13.0%
Additive mixtures	proprietary	6.0-7.0%
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	0.1-0.5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

facilities	Ready access to running water is recommended.
Exposure	
Swallowed Eye contact	Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if concerned. If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.
Skin contact	Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Contact a doctor if experiencing symptoms
Inhaled	Generally, inhalation of fumes is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.
Advice to Doctor	

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is not classed as flammable.
Suitable extinguishing substances:	Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays, water jets.
Unsuitable extinguishing substances:	Unknown.
Products of combustion:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.
Protective equipment: Hazchem code:	No special measures are required. NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment Emergency procedures	There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product. Generally the containers size will limit a large spill from occurring. If a significant spill occurs: Stop leak if safe or necessary. Isolate area. Collect spill, see below. Transfer to container for disposal. Dispose of according to guidelines below (Section 13).
Clean-up method	This product is not considered flammable or ecotoxic. Small spills do not require any special clean up method. Larger spills (e.g., greater than 10kg) should be mopped up and collected.
Disposal	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
Precautions	No special protective clothing is normally necessary.

7. Storage & Handling	
Storage	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid
Handling	contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds (2012)	Ingredient Oil mist, mineral	WES-TWA* 5mg/m ³	WES-STEL* 10mg/m ³
(2013)			

* These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment Eyes

Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely or if handling material in bulk.

SkinIf discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or
sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions,
use gloves. Nitrile or NBR gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should
be checked for tears or holes before use.

ZIC

ZIC M7 4T 10W-40 Safety Data Sheet

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use an organic vapour cartridge with a dust/mist filter'. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	Transparent brown liquid
Odour	mild petroleum odour
pH	no data
Vapour pressure	<0.1 kPa (20°C)
Viscosity	14cSt (100°C)
Boiling point	>300°C
Vapour density	>5 (air =1)
Freezing / melting point	no data
Solubility	not soluble in water
Specific gravity / density	0.85 (water = 1), 15°C
Flash point	>200°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data
Upper & lower flammable limits	no data
Corrosiveness	non corrosive

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stable Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames.
Strong oxidisers None known
Oxides of carbon none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary			
IF SWALLOWED: no known effect.			
IF IN EYES: not irrit	0		
	ot result in skin irritation.		
	own effects. Substance has a very low vapour pressure. Y: no known effects.		
	T. HO KHOWH ENECTS.		
Supporting Data			
Acute Oral	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum) >5000mg/kg bw (rat).		
Dermal	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum), >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)		
Inhaled	Using LC ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is $>5mg/L$. Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum)>5.53mg/L (rat).		
Eye	The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.		
Skin	The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.		
Chronic Sensiti	sation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.		
Mutage	nicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.		
Carcino	ogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Highly refined base oils are non-carcinogenic.		
Reprod	uctive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a		
Develo	omental reproductive/developmental toxicant.		
System			
••	ation of None known. g conditions		



Summary

Cannary	
Highly refined base oil have a ver	y low toxicity towards aquatic organisms. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.
Supporting Data	
Aquatic	Using EC_{50} 's for ingredients, the calculated EC_{50} for the mixture is > 100 mg/L Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum)>100mg/L, Phosphorodithioic acid O,O-dialkyl(C=1-14) esters zinc salts: 1-5mg/L (96 hr Pimephales promelas), .
Bioaccumulation	May be bioaccumulative, log Kow = $3.9 \sim 6$ (estimated for Distillates (petroleum))
Degradability	Not considered degradable, but will biodegrade. Phosphorodithioic acid O,O-dialkyl(C=1-14) esters zinc salts: BCF 3.162
Soil	No evidence of soil toxicity.
Terrestrial vertebrate	Not considered ecotoxic towards terrestrial vertebrates (see acute toxicity)
Terrestrial invertebrate	No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.
Biocidal	no data
Environmental effect levels	No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Consider	ations
Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
Disposal method	Dispose of residue and solutions that cannot be reused to sewer. If this is not possible dilute with water (at least 5 times as much water) and drain.
Contaminated packaging	Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise send to landfill or similar.

14. Transp	ort Informatio	n		
There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).				
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA	
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA	
Precautions:	NA	Hazchem code:	NA	

15. Regulatory Information

This substance is not considered to be hazardous under HSNO.

Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

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SDS	Not required.
Labelling	No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.
Emergency plan	Not required.
Approved handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding & secondary containment	Not required.
Signage	Not required.
Location test certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



16. Other Information

Abbreviations	
Approval Code CAS Number Ceiling	not applicable – non hazardous. Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.
Controls Matrix EC ₅₀	List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16). Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (dstand rats).
	(usually rats)
MSDS (SDS)	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
PES	Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard that is prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under HSNO (including group standards).
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or
UTLE .	biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
TWA	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.
References	
Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
EPA Transfer Gazettes WES 2013	Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004) The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2013, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.
WES 2002	Workplace Exposure Standards published by the Occupational Safety and Health Service, Department of Labour, January 2002, ISBN 0-477-03660-0. These are the WES referred to under the Group Standard (HSNO approval) and may constitute a PES.
Other References:	Suppliers SDS
Review	
Date	Reason for review
June 2016	Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

